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msa
Common
Filesystem

msaFilesystem - Agnostic Abstract Filesystem API which allows to use S3, GCS, Azure Datalake, your local FS, Youtube etc

`pypi package` `package or version not found` `python` `package or version not found`

Features

- **based on:** [PyFilesystem2](#)
- **App Filesystems:** Manage filesystems in platform-specific application directories. These classes abstract away the different requirements for user data across platforms.
- **FTP Filesystem:** A FTP (File Transport Protocol) Filesystem. Optionally, the connection can be made securely via TLS. This is known as FTPS, or FTP Secure.
- **Memory Filesystem:** A filesystem that stored in memory. Memory filesystems are useful for caches, temporary data stores, unit testing, etc.
- **Mount Filesystem:** A Mount FS is a virtual filesystem which can seamlessly map sub-directories on to other filesystems.
- **Multi Filesystem:** A MultiFS is a filesystem composed of a sequence of other filesystems, where the directory structure of each overlays the previous filesystem in the sequence.
- **OS Filesystem:** Manage the filesystem provided by your OS. In essence, an OSFS is a thin layer over the `io` and `os` modules of the Python standard library.

- **Sub Filesystem:** Manage a directory in a parent filesystem. A SubFS is a filesystem object that maps to a sub-directory of another filesystem.
- **Tar Filesystem:** Read and write tar files.
- **Temporary Filesystem:** Manage filesystems in temporary locations. A temporary filesystem is stored in a location defined by your OS (/tmp on linux). The contents are deleted when the filesystem is closed.
- **Zip Filesystem:** Read and write zip files.
- **SMB Filesystem:** A filesystem over SMB.
- **WebDAV Filesystem:** A filesystem for WebDAV.
- **Azure Datalake & S3FS Filesystem:** A filesystem for Azure Datalake storage & S3FS.
- **Google Cloud Storage (GCS) Filesystem:** A filesystem for Google Cloud Storage (GCS). With GCSFS, you can interact with Google Cloud Storage as if it was a regular filesystem.
- **Google Drive Filesystem:** A filesystem for Google Drive. Interact with Google Drive as if it was a regular filesystem.
- **Dropbox Filesystem:** A filesystem for Dropbox.
- **OneDrive Filesystem:** A filesystem for Dropbox.
- **YouTube Videos and Playlists Filesystem:** A filesystem for YouTube Videos and Playlists.
- **External Filesystems:** See the following [wiki page](#) for a list of filesystems not in the core library, and community contributed filesystems.

Main Dependencies

- **fs~=2.4.16:** Module that provides a common interface to any filesystem
- **six~=1.16.0:** Python 2 and 3 compatibility utilities
- **pysmb~=1.2.8:** SMB/CIFS library
- **fs.webdavfs~=0.4.2:** WebDAV support
- **fs-dlk~=0.1.3:** Azure Datalake support
- **fs-s3fs~=1.1.1:** Amazon S3 filesystem support
- **fs-gcsfs~=1.5.1:** Google Cloud Storage (GCS) support
- **fs.googledrivefs~=2.3.0:** Google Drive support
- **fs.dropboxfs~=0.2.2.post2:** Dropbox support
- **fs.onedrivefs~=1.1.1:** OneDrive support
- **fs.youtube~=0.3.1:** Youtube support
- **fs.smbfs~=1.0.5:** SMB support

Usage example

```
from msaFilesystem.msafs import MSAFilesystem
from fs.walk import Walker

# FS URLs are formatted in the following way:
# <protocol>://<username>:<password>@<resource>

myFS = MSAFilesystem(fs_url='osfs://~/projects')

walker = Walker(filter=['*.py'])
for path in walker.files(myFS.fs):
    print(path)
```

License Agreement

- `msaFilesystem` is based on `MIT` open source and free to use, it is free for commercial use, but please show/list the copyright information about `msaFilesystem` somewhere.

How to create the documentation

We use `mkdocs` and `mkdocsstring`. The code reference and nav entry get's created virtually by the triggered python script `/docs/gen_ref_pages.py` while `mkdocs` `serve` or `build` is executed.

Requirements Install for the PDF creation option:

PDF Export is using mainly `weasyprint`, if you get some errors here pls. check there documentation. Installation is part of the `msaFilesystem`, so this should be fine.

We can now test and view our documentation using:

```
mkdocs serve
```

Build static Site:

```
mkdocs build
```

Build and Publish

Build:

```
python setup.py sdist
```

Publish to pypi:

```
twine upload dist/*
```